

## Vocabulary

1.	εἰ	if
2.	ἤδη	now, already
3.	περί (gen)	concerning, about
4.	σάρξ	flesh, body
5.	ὄνομα	name, reputation
6.	εἰ μή	if not, except
7.	ὑπό (acc)	under, (gen) by
8.	μετά (acc)	after, (gen) with

## Grammar

1. What is the primary difference between the three declensions? In other words, how can you tell what declension a noun belongs in?
  - a. First Declension - the stem ends in α or η
  - b. Second Declension - the stem ends in ο
  - c. Third Declension - the stem ends in a consonant
2. How do you find the stem of a third declension noun?

Find the genitive singular then drop the case ending
3. What gender are all stems ending in -ματ?

Neuter

4. Write out the square of stops and the names of the three categories.

Category of Stop	unvoiced	voiced	aspirates
Labial	π	β	φ
Velar	κ	γ	χ
Dental	τ	δ	θ

5. What letter(s) is/are formed from the following combinations

a. ντ + σ = σ

b. ν + σ = σ

6. Rule 8: A Tau (τ) cannot stand at the end of a word and will drop off.

### Parsing

		<i>case</i>	<i>number</i>	<i>gender</i>	<i>lexical form</i>	<i>meaning of inflected</i>
1.	σώματα	n/a	pl	nom	σῶμα	bodies
2.	πᾶσιν	dative	pl	masc/neut	πᾶς	to all
3.	πνεῦμα	n/a	singular	neuter	πνεῦμα	spirit
4.	ὄνομα	n/a	singular	neuter	ὄνομα	name
5.	οὐδενί	dative	singular	masc/neut	οὐδεὶς	to no one, nothing, none
6.	σαρξί	dative	pl	feminine	σάρξ	to the flesh
7.	τινός	genitive	singular	m/f/n	τίς	of someone/thing